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pal-prot A and secondarily coated with B7-1·Fc γ_1 . For each proliferation assay, 1 x 10⁵ T-cells were incubated with 4 x 10⁴ B7-1·Fc γ_1 -coated and mitomycin C-treated K562/REP7 β cells for 60 h at 37° C. Wells were pulsed with 1 μ Ci [³H]thymidine for the last 16 h of the incubation period. Cells were harvested and counted on a Betaplate liquid scintillation counter.

Page 18, the paragraph under subheading "Example 4"

DBA/2J mice were purchased from The Jackson Laboratory, Maine. The animals were inoculated intradermally with a lethal dose of L5178Y-R tumor cells and given subcutaneous injections of a cell vaccine as a treatment on days 5, 6, and 7 after the tumor inoculation. The same cell vaccine in Example 3 was used here, at a dose of 10⁶ cells per injection. Figure 10 shows that the cell vaccine improved the survival rate of the treated animals. In Fig. 10: open circle, an untreated control group (n=8); square, another control group that received a control vaccine generated by protein A transfer (n=8); closed circle, the test group that received the cell vaccine generated by protein transfer with the immune costimulatory fusion proteins in complex with lipidate protein A (n=8).

In the claims:

23. A cell having a transferred fusion protein, said fusion protein transferred by:

coating the surface of said cell with a first protein, wherein said first protein is a lipidated protein; and

contacting said cell with a second protein, wherein said second protein is said fusion protein and is comprised of a first domain having affinity for said first protein and a second domain having *trans* signaling and/or adhesion function.

37. A cancer vaccine comprising:

Tumor or other antigen presenting cells having a transferred fusion protein, said fusion protein transferred by coating the surface of said cell with a first protein, wherein said first protein is a lipidated protein; and

contacting said cells with a second protein, wherein said second protein is said fusion protein and is comprised of a first domain having affinity for said first protein and a second domain having *trans* signaling and/or adhesion function, said cells in a suitable carrier.

Please cancel Claims 45 and 48.

Please add the following new claims:

- 51. The cell of Claim 23, wherein said first protein is selected from the group consisting of lipidated protein A and lipidated protein G.
- 52. The cell of Claim 23, wherein said first protein is palmitated protein A.
- 53. The cell of Claim 23, wherein said first domain is attached at the amino terminus of said second protein.
- 54. The cell of Claim 23, wherein said first domain is attached at the carboxyl terminus of said second protein.
- 55. The cell of Claim 23, wherein said second domain encodes a type I membrane protein.
- 56. The cell of Claim 23, wherein said second domain encodes a type II membrane protein.
- 57. The cell of Claim 23, wherein said second domain encodes a costimulator.
- 58. The cell of Claim 23, wherein said second domain encodes an inhibitor.
- 59. The cell of Claim 57, wherein said costimulator is selected from the group consisting of B7-1, B7-2, ICAM-1, ICAM-2, ICAM-3, CD48, LFA-3, 4-1BB ligand, CD30 ligand, CD40 ligand, and heat stable antigen.
 - **60.** The cell of Claim 59, wherein said second protein is B7-1·Fc γ_1 .
- 61. The cell of Claim 58, wherein said inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of CD8, Fas ligand and a single chain Fv derivative of immunoglobulin.

REMARKS

Claims 45 and 48 have been cancelled. New claims, Claims 51-61, are added; the claims now pending are Claims 23, 37-44, 46, 47, 49 and 50-61. No new matter is added with the addition of Claims 51-62; these are duplicates of the claims that depend from Claim 37. New drawings are submitted herewith with corrections as requested by the draftsman and Examiner.